# Field Evaluation CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> Sensor



## Background

From 11/22/2018 to 01/18/2019, three CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> sensors were deployed at a SCAQMD stationary ambient monitoring site in Rubidoux and were run side-by-side with a reference instrument measuring the same pollutant

#### CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> (3 units tested):

➤ Each unit reports: NO<sub>2</sub> (ppb), Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%)

➤ Unit cost: \$1198

➤ Time resolution: 1 - min

➤ Units IDs: 4541, 4542, 4543



#### • SCAQMD Reference instruments:

➤ NO<sub>x</sub> instrument: FRM

> cost: ~\$10,000

> Time resolution: 1 - min

➤ Met station (Temperature, Relative Humidity, Pressure, Wind Speed, Wind Direction)

> cost: ~\$5,000

➤ Time resolution: 1 - min

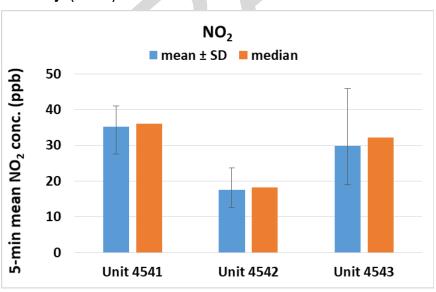


### Data validation & recovery

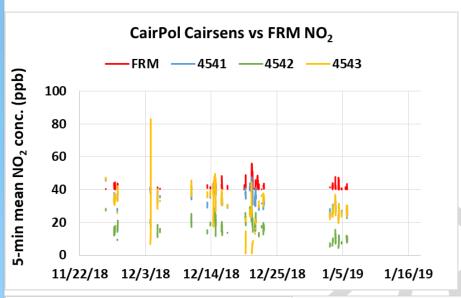
- Basic QA/QC procedures were used to validate the collected data (i.e. obvious outliers, negative values and invalid data-points were eliminated from the data-set)
- Data recovery from all units was 4.3% for NO<sub>2</sub> measurements. Data recovery is calculated based on the 5-min averages FRM NO<sub>2</sub> measurements due to the fact that the sensors have a limit of quantification of 40 ppb as specified by the manufacturer, all values below 40 ppb as measured by the FRM NO<sub>2</sub> instrument were excluded from the data set for further analysis

#### CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub>; intra-model variability

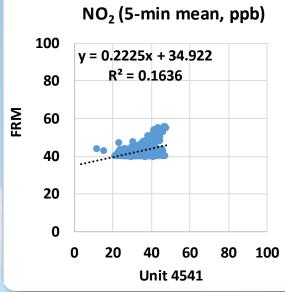
High measurement variability (64%) was observed between the three CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> units

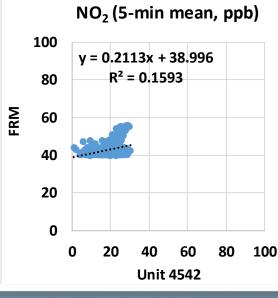


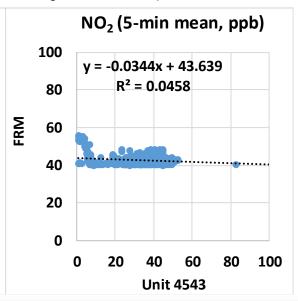
#### CairPol Cairsens vs FRM (NO<sub>2</sub>; 5-min mean)



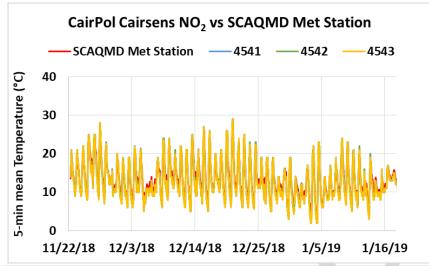
- CairPol Cairsens sensors do not correlate with the corresponding FRM NO<sub>2</sub> data (R<sup>2</sup> ~ 0.12)
- Overall, the CairPol Cairsens sensors underestimates NO<sub>2</sub> concentration as measured by the FRM instrument
- The CairPol Cairsens sensors do not track the NO<sub>2</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by the FRM instrument
- Due to the lack of data points, further analyses on 1 and 24 - hr averages are not reported



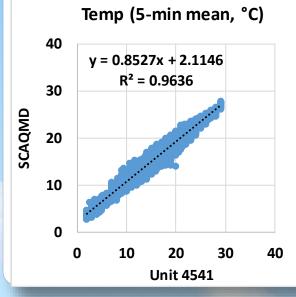


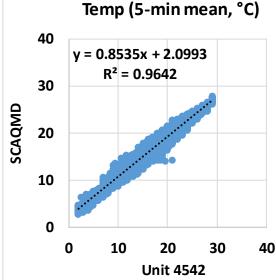


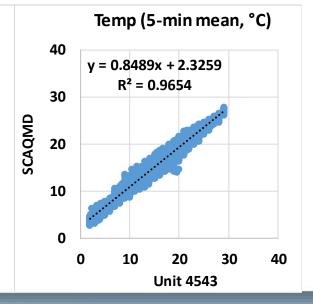
# CairPol Cairsens CO vs SCAQMD Met Station (Temp; 5-min mean)



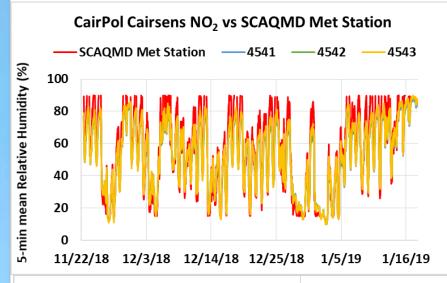
- CairPol Cairsens  $NO_2$  temperature measurements correlate very well with the corresponding SCAQMD Met Station data ( $R^2 \sim 0.96$ )
- Overall, the CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> sensors overestimate temperature measurements as recorded by SCAQMD Met Station
- The CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> sensors seem to track well the temperature diurnal variations as recorded by SCAQMD Met Station





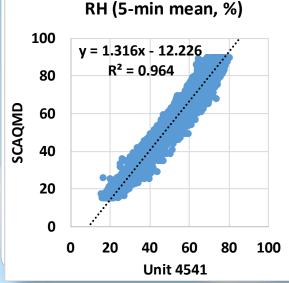


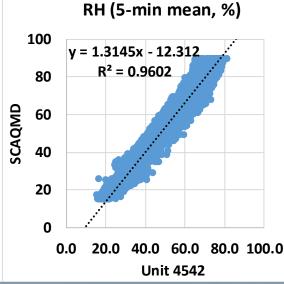
# CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> vs SCAQMD Met Station (RH; 5-min mean)

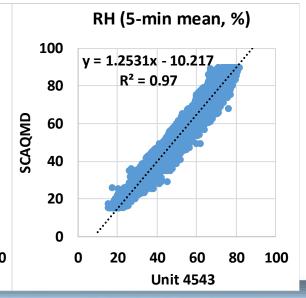


- CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> RH measurements correlate very well with the corresponding SCAQMD Met Station data (R<sup>2</sup> ~ 0.96)
- Overall, the CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> sensors underestimate RH measurements as recorded by SCAQMD Met Station
- The CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub> sensors seem to track well the RH diurnal variations as recorded by SCAQMD Met Station

Note: the CairPol Ciarsense RH sensor has an operational range between 10 and 90%, all values below 10% and over 90% are excluded







### Discussion

- The three **CairPol Cairsens NO<sub>2</sub>** sensors' data recovery from each unit was 4.3%, Data recovery is calculated based on the 5-min averages FRM NO<sub>2</sub> measurements due to the fact that the sensors have a limit of quantification of 40 ppb as specified by the manufacturer, all values below 40 ppb as measured by the FRM NO<sub>2</sub> instrument were excluded from the data set for further analysis
- The three sensors showed high intra-model variability (64%) for NO<sub>2</sub> measurements
- The CairPol Cairsens  $NO_2$  sensors do not correlate with the FRM instrument ( $R^2 \sim 0.12$ ) and do not track the  $NO_2$  diurnal variations as measured by the FRM instrument
- No sensor calibration was performed by SCAQMD Staff prior to the beginning of this test
- Laboratory chamber testing is necessary to fully evaluate the performance of these sensors under known aerosol concentrations and controlled temperature and relative humidity conditions
- All results are still preliminary